A string s is called **good** if there are no two different characters in s that have the same **frequency**.

Given a string s, return*the****minimum****number of characters you need to delete to make*s***good****.*

The **frequency** of a character in a string is the number of times it appears in the string. For example, in the string "aab", the **frequency** of 'a' is 2, while the **frequency** of 'b' is 1.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** s = "aab"

**Output:** 0

**Explanation:** s is already good.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** s = "aaabbbcc"

**Output:** 2

**Explanation:** You can delete two 'b's resulting in the good string "aaabcc".

Another way it to delete one 'b' and one 'c' resulting in the good string "aaabbc".

**Example 3:**

**Input:** s = "ceabaacb"

**Output:** 2

**Explanation:** You can delete both 'c's resulting in the good string "eabaab".

Note that we only care about characters that are still in the string at the end (i.e. frequency of 0 is ignored).

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= s.length <= 105
* s contains only lowercase English letters.